

Annual Training Suggestions for CCW Holders

The “Permit Plus” approach lowers the church’s liability, because just having a state-issued CCW is not enough... no-where near enough!

The difference between a Safety/Security Team and an Armed Safety/Security Team is:

- additional (initial) training
- recurring (in-service) training
 - a. qualifying, i.e., a test
 - b. training, i.e., learning

Training...

- Check the firearms training schedule of the local police or sheriff’s department. You want to mirror them, duplicate their schedule
- Consider semi-annual or quarterly live-fire qualifications, a certified firearms instructor should conduct the live-fire qualifications.
- Consider quarterly or monthly training sessions. A bona fide Subject Matter Expert should conduct the training sessions
- Legal Aspects of use-of-force and lethal / deadly force
- Close quarter shooting
- Shoot / No-shoot decision-making
- Shoot WHILE moving yourself
- Shoot AT moving target
- Draw from Concealed Carry

- Shoot from awkward positions
- Shoot with flashlight
- Shoot at targets crowded by innocents
 - Hit moving target walking down center aisle from where you sit / stand without hitting bystanders
- De-escalation training
- Anger management training
- Autism / Mental Health responses
- Have someone who does police or military training discuss the physical and psychological effects involved in an emergency situation, especially affair for tactical situation and or a shooting situation.
 - For example, loss of manual dexterity, tunnel vision, hearing loss, leg weakness, confusion.
- Focus training on when an event happens, rather than if it happens. To be optimally prepared, teach as if the scenario will happen and each person must fulfill their role effectively.
 - Know the location of barriers and places of concealment in the place of worship. Practice some scenarios involving using them.